## **Amendments to the Claims**

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims**:

- 1. (Original) A transposable element comprising at least four inverted repeats, forming at least two pairs of opposing pairs of inverted repeats, the element comprising DNA for insertion into a host genome, the DNA being located between two pairs of opposing repeats such that excision by a transposase or transposases of said pairs, *in situ*, is effective to be able to leave said DNA integrated into the host genome, without the presence of flanking transposon-derived repeats derived from said transposable element.
- 2. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to<u>of</u> claim 1, wherein the DNA for insertion into a host genome is a gene for expression in the host.
- (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according toof claim 1, wherein the DNA for insertion into a host genome is a promoter or enhancer sequence.
- 4. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to<u>of</u> claim 1, wherein the DNA for insertion into a host genome is a stop codon or is sufficient to bring about an in frame stop codon.
- (Currently amended) <u>The transposable element of claim 1A transposable</u> element according to any preceding claim, wherein the inverted repeats are piggyBac repeats.
- 6. (Currently amended) The transposable element of claim 1A transposable element according to any preceding claim, having four inverted repeats.

- 7. (Currently amended) The transposable element of claim 1A transposable element according to any preceding claim, wherein the inverted repeats are homologous.
- 8. (Currently amended) <u>The transposable element of claim 1A transposable</u> element according to any of claims 1-6, wherein pairs of homologous inverted repeats are heterologous to other pairs of inverted repeats.
- 9. (Currently amended) <u>The transposable element of claim 1A transposable</u> element according to any preceding claim, wherein one or more of the inverted repeats is a minimal non-terminal repeat.
- 10. (Currently amended) <u>The transposable element of claim 1A transposable</u> element according to any preceding claim, comprising at least one genetic marker.
- 11. (Currently amended) <u>The transposable element of claim 1A transposable</u> element according to any preceding claim, wherein the element comprises two external, opposed inverted repeats, one on each side of an inversion cassette, the cassette comprising[[;]]:

the DNA for insertion into a host genome, two inverted cassette repeats and two inversion sites, the DNA for insertion into a host genome being flanked on either side by one of the inverted cassette repeats, each inverted cassette repeat being further flanked by an inversion site;

the cassette being capable of inversion within the transposed element *in situ* in the presence of a recombinase, such that following inversion, the two inverted cassette repeats flanking the DNA for insertion into a host genome each separately form a further pair of opposing inverted repeats with one of the external inverted repeats, the further pairs of opposing repeats being excisable by a transposase *in situ* to leave said DNA without flanking transposon-derived repeats in the host genome.

12. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to<u>of</u> claim 11, wherein the inversion sites are recognised by inversion-inducing recombinase.

- 13. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to<u>of</u> claim 12, wherein the inversion sites are recognised by the Flp/FRT or Cre/lox inversion systems.
- 14. (Original) A transposable element comprising at lest three inverted repeats, at least one of which is inverted in relation to the others, wherein at least one non-terminal repeat is a minimal repeat.
- 15. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according toof claim 14, comprising DNA for insertion into a host genome located between the minimal repeat and a repeat having the same orientation as the minimal repeat.
- 16. (Currently amended) The transposable element of claim 14A transposable element according to claim 14 or 15, wherein the DNA for insertion into a host genome is preferably flanked by two pairs of opposing repeats excisable by a transposase *in situ* to leave said DNA without flanking repeats in the host genome.
- 17. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according toof claim 16, wherein each of the repeats bounding the DNA for insertion into a host genome is a minimal repeat.
- 18. (Currently amended) The transposable element of claim 14A transposable element according to any of claims 14-17, wherein at least one repeat distal to the DNA for insertion into a host genome in relation to a minimal repeat in the same orientation has an internal deletion or is otherwise compromised over up to 50% of its length.
- 19. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to any of claims claim 10-and 14-18, comprising at least one genetic marker associated with an identifiable step in the transposition/excision process.
- 20. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to<u>of</u> claim 19, wherein the marker is associated with the DNA for insertion into a host genome.

- 21. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to any of <u>claim</u> claims14-19, comprising as a terminal repeat, a repeat having a deletion of no more than 50%, or mutation or inversion that disables no more than 50% of the repeat.
- 22. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to any preceding of claim 1, wherein the element is a class II transposable element.
- 23. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element according to any preceding of claim 1, wherein the transposase is encoded within the transposon.
- 24. (Currently amended) A method for transforming an organism, comprising exposing replicative tissue of the organism to an element according to any preceding of claim 1 under conditions effective to incorporate the element into the genome thereof and, subsequently or simultaneously therewith, providing conditions suitable to excise a transposon from the genome, and selecting an organism, or tissue therefor, comprising the DNA intended for insertion lacking repeats in at least one orientation.
- 25. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> method according to<u>of</u> claim 24, wherein the transformant organism is exposed to a source of active transposase.
- 26. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> method according to<u>of</u> claim 25, wherein the source of active transposase comprises a helper plasmid or RNA encoding the transposase, or a transposase protein or integrated transposase source.
- 27. (Currently amended) A transformant organism obtained in accordance with any of claims claim 24-26.
- 28. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transformant organism <u>of</u>according to claim 27, wherein the organism is an insect.
- 29. (Currently amended) A<u>The</u> transposable element <del>according to any</del> of <del>claims</del> claim 10 and 19-20, wherein the marker is a conditional lethal.

- 30. A<u>The</u> transposable element according to any <u>of</u> claim 12, wherein the inversion sites are recognised by a directional recombinase, the recombinase-mediated inversion being essentially irreversible.
- 31. A<u>The</u> transposable element according to anyof claim 30, wherein the inversion site is lox66 or lox71.